

LFR1(250 VDC) Series

# Low Voltage Fuses (LV Fuses)



## **Key Features**

- Rated Voltage: 250 VDC
- Breaking Capacity: 50 kA
- Fusing Characteristics: High Speed Fuse
- Utilization Category: aR / aBat
- Good Current Limiting Capability
- Body Size: 50 x 51 x 51 mm (1#)
- RoHS and REACH Compliant, Pb Free

## Applications

• Energy Storage System (ESS)

# **Agency Information**

# Dimensions (mm)





# Part Numbering System

#### LFR1 - 800A02 - BB



Rated Current / <sub>n</sub> (A)	Agency Symbol	Standards	The File No. and certification No. obtained by SETsafe   SETfuse	Utilization Category
200 ~ 800		EN IEC 60269-7	R 50609844	aBat

## **Specifications**

Model	Rated Current / n	Rated Voltage <i>U</i> n	Breaking Capacity / <sub>1</sub>	A	RoHS REACH Pb free
	(A)	(VDC)	(kA)	TUV	
LFR1-200A02-BB	200	250	50	•	•
LFR1-250A02-BB	250	250	50	•	•
LFR1-315A02-BB	315	250	50	•	•
LFR1-350A02-BB	350	250	50	•	•
LFR1-400A02-BB	400	250	50	•	•
LFR1-450A02-BB	450	250	50	•	•
LFR1-500A02-BB	500	250	50	•	•
LFR1-550A02-BB	550	250	50	•	•
LFR1-630A02-BB	630	250	50	•	•
LFR1-800A02-BB	800	250	50	•	•

Note: 1. "●": Certificated, RoHS and REACH Compliant, Pb Free. 2. Recommended Installation Method: M10 Bolts and Nuts are Recommended, Recommended Installation Torque 21 N·m.



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### **Time-Current Characteristics (For Reference Only)**



## Packaging

Item	Pearl Cotton Pallet	Carton
Product Quantity (PCS)	14	42
Weight	0.43×(1±10%) kg/PCS	19.3×(1±10%) kg/Carton

Packaging Drawing:



14 PCS / Pallet



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# Power Dissipation Curve (For Reference Only)



## **Rated Current Derating Curve**

Ambient Temperature (For Reference Only)





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#### Connecting Conductor (For Reference Only)

The current density of copper bar for fuse installation is suggested to be 1.3 A/mm<sup>2</sup>. If the carrying current density of copper bar is greater than 1.3 A/mm<sup>2</sup>, it is recommended to reduce the rated current of fuse appropriately.



#### Cooling Air (For Reference Only)

When the fuse operates in the environment with cooling air, the rated current value of the fuse needs to be corrected.





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#### Altitude (For Reference Only)

Altitude (m)	Derating Factor K <sub>4</sub>
2000	1.000
2500	0.975
3000	0.950
3500	0.925
4000	0.900
4500	0.875
5000	0.850

#### Rated Current:

$$I_{n} \geq \frac{K_{0}I_{c}}{K_{1}K_{2}K_{3}K_{4}K_{5}}$$

- Ic Long-term continuous operating current
- K<sub>0</sub> Reliability factor: 1.25 (Reference DLT 5044-2014)
- $K_1$  Ambient temperature correction factor
- $K_2$  Correction factor for connecting conductors
- $K_3$  Cooling air correction factor
- $K_4$  Altitude correction factor
- $K_5$  Closed environment correction factor, for the better heat dissipation conditions of the box to take 0.9 ~ 0.95, while for the poorer take 0.8



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#### Replacement

The fuse is a non-resettable product, for safety reasons, lease ensure that the spare fuse is same model.

### **Installation Position**

Do not install the fuse on an assembly that may often subject to severe continuous vibration or with corrosive gases (NH<sub>3</sub>, SO<sub>2</sub>, Cl<sub>2</sub> etc.).

## Transportation

During packaging and transportation, rain and snow and mechanical damage shall be avoided.

## **Storage Conditions and Effective Date**

- Storage temperature: 10 ° C~30 ° C.
- Storage humidity: 30%~70%.
- Sealed in a place with no sunshine no pollution and without corrosive gases(NH<sub>3</sub>,SO<sub>2</sub>,Cl<sub>2</sub>, etc.).
- Validity period: 12 consecutive months after you receive it.



### Glossary

Item	Description	
Fuse	Device that by the fusing of one or more of its specially designed and proportioned components opens th which it is inserted by breaking the current when this exceeds a given value for a sufficient time.	ne circuit in (IEC 60269-1)
Rated Current of a fuse-link / n	Value of current that fuse-link can carry continuously without deterioration under specified conditions. —	(IEC 60269-1)
Prospective Current (of a circuit and with respect to a fuse)	Current that would flow in the circuit if each pole of the fuse were replaced by conductor of negligible imp —(	oedance. (IEC 60269-1)
Rated Voltage U n	A maximum open circuit voltage in which a fuse can be used, yet safely interrupt an overcurrent. Exceed voltage rating of a fuse impairs its ability to clear an overload or short circuit safely.	ing the (IEC 60269-1)
Ampere Squared Seconds <i>I<sup>2</sup>t</i>	The melting, arcing, or clearing integral of a fuse, termed $l^2t$ , is the thermal energy required to melt, arc, or specific current. It can be expressed as melting $l^2t$ , arcing $l^2t$ or the sum of them, clearing $l^2t$ .	or clear a (IEC 60269-1)
Time-current Charac- teristics	Current giving the time, e.g. pre-arcing time or operating time as a function of the prospective current und conditions of operation.	der stated (IEC 60269-1)
Breaking Capacity	Value of prospective current that a fuse is capable of breaking at a stated voltage under prescribed condi and behavior.	itions of use (IEC 60269-1)
Breaking Range	Breaking range is a range of prospective currents within which the breaking capacity of a fuse-link is ass	ured. (IEC 60269-1)
Pre-arcing Time / Melting Time	Interval of time between the beginning of a current large enough to cause a break in the fuse-element(s) stant when an arc is initiated.	and the in- (IEC 60269-1)
Arcing Time	Interval of time between the instant of the initiation of the arc in a fuse and the instant of final arc extinction fuse.	on in that (IEC 60269-1)
Operating Time / Total Clearing Time	Sum of the pre-arcing time and the acting time.	(IEC 60269-1)
Power Dissipation (in a fuse-link)	Power released in a fuse-link carrying a stated value of electric current under prescribed conditions of us ior.	e and behav- (IEC 60269-1)
Correction Factor of Rated Current	When the application environment and working conditions exceed in the conditions specified in the stand purpose of matching the working current and long service life of the fuse, the rating of fuse should be con correction factor. Consult the fuse manufacturer for specific application recommendations.	lard, for the rected by a (IEC 60269-1)
Cut-off Current	Maximum instantaneous value reached by the current during the breaking operation of a fuse-link when i such a manner as to prevent the current from reaching the otherwise attainable maximum.	it operates in (IEC 60269-1)
Cut-off Current Characteristic/ Let-through Current Characteristic	Curve giving the cut-off current as a function of the prospective current under stated conditions of operati	ion. (IEC 60269-1)